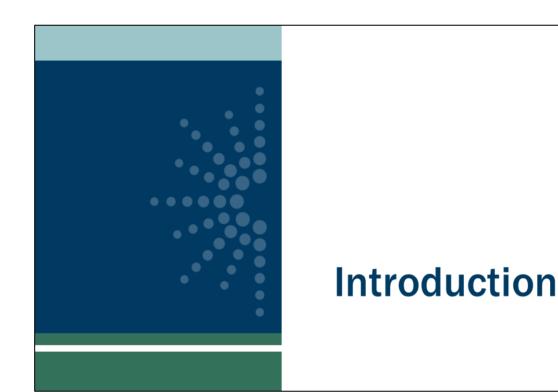


# **National Leadership Grants for Museums**

**Applicant Information Session** 

FY25 Video August 2024

Welcome to the Institute of Museum and Library Services, Office of Museum Services informational video about National Leadership Grants for Museums.



The goal of this video is to provide an overview of our National Leadership Grants for Museums program – which we call "NLG-M" for short - and the process of preparing an application for funding.

# **Video Chapters**

- Chapter 1: What is National Leadership Grants for Museums (NLG-M)?
- Chapter 2: What can NLG-M Grants Fund?
- Chapter 3: Application Components Overview
- 4 Chapter 4: Application Components Narrative
- Chapter 5: Application Tips and Next Steps

This video is organized into five chapters:

- First, we will discuss the purpose and design of the NLG-M grant program.
- Then we'll talk about the types of projects that can be funded in NLG-M and the amount of funds that can be requested.
- Chapter 3 describes the types of documents that are needed to create an NLG-M grant application.
- Chapter 4 provides guidance on drafting the narrative part of the application. Note that there is or will be a separate video on preparing a budget and budget justification.
- In the concluding chapter, I'll provide a few tips and next steps.

# Watch Review Refer Watch this video in its entirety Review the NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) at www.imls.gov/grants Refer to this video as needed

- To get the most out of this video, we recommend that you watch it in its entirety.
- This will give you an understanding of the NLG-M grant program, the types of projects that can be funded, and the necessary application components.
- You may also want to review the NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity before, during, and after you watch the video.
- Notices of Funding Opportunities, also known as NOFOs, are documents that detail the requirements of each of our grant programs. All of our FY25 NOFOs can be found at imls.gov/grants.
- As you navigate the application process, you can use this video as a reference tool.
- If you'd like to skip to a specific section, please use the time bar below, or the links in the description box, to navigate the chapters.



# What is NLG-M?

**National Leadership Grants for Museums** 

In this section, we will answer the question "What is NLG-M?" providing information on the purpose and intent of this grant program and who it is designed to serve.



# National Leadership Grants for Museums

NLG-M supports projects that address critical needs of the museum field and that have the potential to advance practice in the profession.

Emphasis is on broad impact in the field.



Museum of Science, Boston



Cincinnati Zoo & Botanical Garden

National Leadership Grants for Museums supports projects that address critical needs of the museum field and that have the potential to advance practice in the profession so that museums can improve services for the American public.

NLG-M is all about addressing the challenges of the museum field, our institutions, and our professionals. We invest in institutions and partnerships that understand the challenges and opportunities facing the field and devise plans to move the field forward through the development of resources and tools for use by multiple institutions and/or groups of museum professionals.

Top: Arctic Adventure's sweeping Arctic vista; Credit: © 2021 Ashley McCabe Bottom: Image of polar bear "Berit" swimming at the Cincinnati Zoo & Botanical Garden



# NLG-M Supports Museums and Institutions that Advance Museums

- Museums that...
  - Have at least one full time or equivalent professional staff person, either paid or unpaid
  - ✓ Have a physical location that it owns or operates
  - ✓ Have been open to the public for at least 120 days in the year prior to the application deadline
  - ✓ Own or use tangible objects
- Organizations that advance the well-being of museums and the museum profession
- Institutions of higher education

Let's talk about institutional eligibility for a moment. First you must be located in one of the United States' 50 States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia and your organization must be a unit of State, local, or tribal government, or a private nonprofit organization with tax-exempt status.

You can be one of three types of organizations to be eligible to apply to NLG-M. To be eligible for funding as a museum your organization must:

- Have at least one full time or equivalent professional staff person, either paid or unpaid.
- Have a physical location that it owns or operates.
- Have been open to the public for at least 120 days in the year prior to November 15th, 2024.
- And own or use tangible objects, including living collections.

Museums may be stand-alone organizations, or they may be part of a larger institution, such as a college, university, Tribe, or a state or local government.

You can also be eligible for NLG-M if you are an organization or association that engages in activities designed to advance the well-being of museums and the museum profession or if you are a college or university.

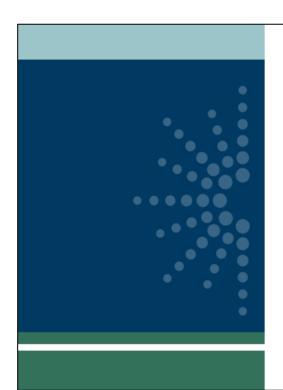


# **Museums Types**

- Anthropology museums
- Aquariums
- Arboretums
- Art museums
- Botanical gardens
- Children's/youth museums
- General museums

- · Historic houses/sites
- · History museums
- Natural history
- Nature centers
- Science/technology centers
- · Specialized museums
- · Zoological parks

When we talk about museums we include a broad range of institution types. Here's a list of some of the types of museums that our grant programs support.



# What Can NLG-M Fund?

In this section, we will discuss the types of projects this program funds, its goals and objectives, and I'll provide some data on the number and type of NLG-M projects that were funded in recent years.



# What Makes an NLG-M Project Successful?

- Shared results: The project results in tools and resources for the museum field.
- In-depth knowledge: The project design reflects a thorough understanding of current practice and knowledge about the subject matter.
- Collaborative process: The project incorporates audiences, stakeholders, and/or other partners
- Broad impact: The project has the potential for far-reaching impact beyond the applicant institution.

Making sure your concept shares the characteristics of successful NLG projects is an important first step to preparing an application.

We are looking for projects that are designed intentionally to produce results that can be used by the field to advance and improve practice. We're looking for tangible results such as models, tools, curriculum resources, research findings, or new services that can be widely used, adapted, scaled, or replicated to extend the benefits of the federal investment across the field or a segment of the field.

Projects should reflect a thorough understanding of current practice, knowledge about the subject matter, deep familiarity with previous work on the project topic, and an awareness of and support for current strategic priorities in the field.

We encourage collaboration as it demonstrates broad need, field-wide buy-in and input, and access to appropriate expertise.



# **NLG-M Project Goals**

Lifelong Learning: Advance the museum field's ability to empower people of all ages and backgrounds through experiential and cross-disciplinary learning and discovery.

Community Engagement: Advance the museum field's ability to maximize the use of museum resources to address community needs through partnerships and collaborations.

Collections Stewardship and Access: Advance the museum field's ability to identify new solutions that address high priority and widespread collections care or conservation issues.

Your project should align with one of these three project goals. As you can see here, you should be seeking to advance the museums field's work in either: Lifelong Learning, Community Engagement, or Collections Stewardship and Access.



# **NLG-M Lifelong Learning**

**Lifelong Learning:** Advance the museum field's ability to empower people of all ages and backgrounds through experiential and cross-disciplinary learning and discovery.

- 1. Support the development, implementation, and dissemination of model programs that facilitate adoption by museums across the field.
- 2. Support research focusing on the role of museums in engaging learners of all types.
- 3. Support forums that convene experts and stakeholders, including those from adjacent fields as appropriate, to explore current and emerging issues and inform the field.

So, let's take a look at what kinds of project activities might fit within these goal areas. In this and the two slides, the numbered objectives provide some of the types of projects that fit within the Goal.

A project in Lifelong Learning might include but is not limited to developing models with tools for scaling and adapting by other museums; research on museum-based learning; and forums that bring together experts to explore current and emerging issues for the field.



# **NLG-M Community Engagement**

Community Engagement: Advance the museum field's ability to maximize the use of museum resources to address community needs through partnerships and collaborations.

- Support the development of new and innovative methods for addressing community challenges through partnerships, services, processes, or practices for use across the museum field.
- 2. Support research focusing on museums' roles in engaging diverse audiences and fostering civic discourse.
- 3. Support forums that convene experts and stakeholders, including those from adjacent fields as appropriate, to explore current and emerging issues and inform the field.

A Community Engagement project will need to focus on producing resources that help museums better meet community needs and be welcoming places for everyone. Projects may help museums be more inclusive of all segments of parts of their communities, improve access and remove barriers to participation, better engage with community organizations and leaders for planning and civic engagement, or support forums that bring together experts to explore current and emerging issues for the field as they relate to community engagement.



## **NLG-M Collections Stewardship and Access**

**Collections Stewardship and Access:** Advance the museum field's ability to identify new solutions that address high priority and widespread collections care or conservation issues.

- 1. Support the development, implementation, and dissemination of new tools or services that facilitate access, management, preservation, sharing, and use of museum collections.
- 2. Support research focusing on any broadly relevant aspect of the management, conservation, and preservation of collections.
- 3. Support forums that convene experts and stakeholders, including those from adjacent fields as appropriate, to explore current and emerging issues and inform the field.

Under the Collections Stewardship and Access goal, projects can develop tools that help museums facilitate access, management, preservation, sharing, and use of museum collections. Projects can undertake research on management, conservation, and preservation issues. And like for the other two goals, projects can bring together experts to explore issues and inform the field of collections topics.



# What Size Are NLG-M Projects?

## NLG-M Projects can range in size



\$50,000 - \$750,000 in federal grants funds

- 1:1 cost share required for nonresearch projects
- No required cost share for research projects.

Scale your budget request to the needs of your project.

NLG-M projects can request anywhere from \$50,000 - \$750,000. Full projects that result in robust results for the field require a 1:1 cost share. Cost share may be in the form of cash, staff or volunteer time, other grantee-contributed costs, or third-party or partner contributions. It may not be funds from another federal source. Scale your budget request to the needs of your project. Your budget should include the costs of the activities needed to accomplish the results. It's important that the amount of funds requested match the scope and scale of your project.

Research projects from \$50,000 to \$750,000 do not require a cost share. We'll talk more about research projects a little later.





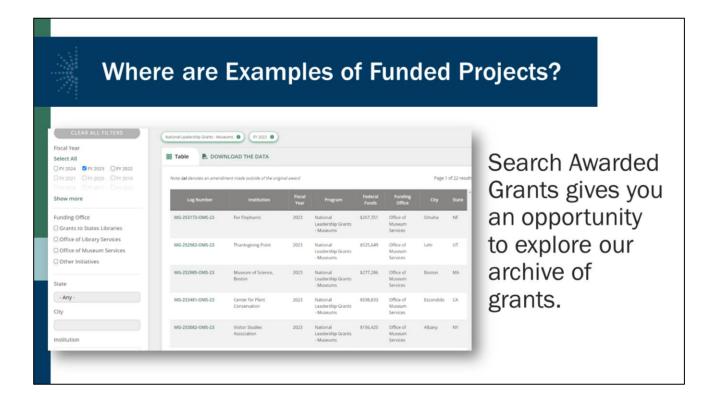


In FY24 IMLS made 18 awards for a total of \$9.41 million. In FY23 IMLS made 19 awards for a total of \$8.44 million.

The number of applications received and the amount of awards made can vary from year to year. Here is a snapshot of our last two award cycles.

In FY24 we made 18 awards totaling \$9.41 million And in FY23 we made 19 awards with a total of just over \$8.44 million. In FY24 we received 54 applications and in FY23 we received 48. Average the two years, 36% of applications were funded.

You can also see from the pie charts that the percentages of awards by program goal can differ greatly from year to year. We do not have funding set aside for each goal nor any quotas. Instead, we are looking for the strongest projects poised to provide the most benefit to the museum field.



On the IMLS website you can use the Search Awarded Grants function to explore an archive of grants that we have awarded in past years. All of the FY24 NLG-M awards announced in August are listed here, along with those from prior years.

You can search this database using a variety of criteria such as institution name, location, and keyword. Your search will retrieve basic information about each award, including the amount of federal funds awarded and a brief description of the proposed activities and expected results for each project.



In this section, we will introduce the components of an NLG-M grant application, and provide an overview about the required, conditionally required, and supporting documents.



# **Application Components**

The NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) includes a complete list of all the application components.

Most of these components are created and saved as a PDF for uploading as part of your application package in Grants.gov.

The NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) includes a complete list of all the application components.

The Table of Application Components in the NOFO lists which application components are required, as well as those that are conditionally required, meaning their inclusion depends on the type of applicant or the type of project.

Aside from the SF-424S and the IMLS Museum Program Information Form, which are webforms completed in the Grants.gov Workspace, all application components must be submitted as PDF documents.



# **Required Documents**

## These components are required of <u>all NLG-Mapplications</u>.

- Application for Federal Assistance
   Performance Measurement Plan (SF-424S)
- IMLS Museum Program Information Form (including Abstract)
- Organizational Profile
- Narrative (10 pages max.)
- Schedule of Completion

- **IMLS Budget Form**
- **Budget Justification**
- List of Key Project Staff and Consultants
- Resumes

These are the Required Documents. All applications must include the documents listed here. Omission of even just one might result in your application's rejection.

Also note that there is a 10-page limit for the narrative. If you exceed the page limit specified in the Notice of Funding Opportunity, we must remove the extra pages before your application goes out for review. That means your reviewers may have to stop reading in midsentence, which is never good. Other docs have a suggested page length.

So, make sure your content fits into the page limits specified and make sure the number of pages holds when you convert your document to a PDF.



## **Conditionally Required Documents**

These components are required of some NLG-M applications.

- Proof of Private, Nonprofit Status
- Final Federally Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement
- Digital Products Plan
- Data Management and Sharing Plan

The second category of application components is that of **Conditionally Required Documents. Some** applications must include one, two, or even all four of these, and it's your job to figure out which are required for your application.

- If you are applying as a nonprofit, then you must include your proof of nonprofit, which is a letter from the Internal Revenue Service. We will not accept a letter of State sales tax exemption as proof of nonprofit status.
- If you are using a federally negotiated indirect cost rate in your budget, then you must include a copy of your final rate agreement.
- If you will create digital products during the course of your project, then you must complete and submit a Digital Products Plan.
- If you are proposing a research project, then you must submit a Data Management and Sharing Plan.

Just like the required documents, omission of even one might result in your application's rejections.

Please note that the term "digital product" includes (1) digitized and born-digital content, digital resources, or assets; and (2) software. If you are creating any of these types of materials, you must include the form with your application.



# **Supporting Documents**

These components are <u>optional</u> in NLG-M applications. Include only those that supplement the Narrative and support the project description provided in the application.

- Letters of commitment from partners, consultants, or any third-parties you will work with on your project
- Bibliography or references relevant to your proposed project design or evaluation strategy
- Letters of support from experts and stakeholders
- Relevant images

- Reports from planning activities
- Contractor or vendor quotes
- Equipment specifications
- Products or evaluations from similar projects
- Collections, technology, or other departmental plans applicable to the proposed project
- Web links to relevant online materials
- Needs assessments

The third group of application components is Supporting Documents, and here is a partial list of examples. Supporting documents are optional. You may submit some or none. Include only those items that will supplement your proposal. This is not the place to introduce brand new information, rather, as the name suggests, they should lend support to your project justification, work plan, and intended results that you've already spelled out in your application narrative.

For example, have you identified a partner whose involvement is key to the project's success? If so, a letter of support or commitment would go a long way to reassuring reviewers that they are 'on board' and the project will succeed. Vendor quotes or equipment specifications show you've done some of the legwork in getting appropriate estimates for project costs.

We recommend that you be respectful of your reviewers' time and avoid the temptation to include hundreds of pages of extraneous material. Being judicious really does work to your benefit, as supporting documents can make – or break – an application. Include what is important, helpful, and directly relevant to your project, and stop there.



# **Application Components**

**Narrative** 

In this section, we will go over the questions you will need to answer in your project Narrative and offer details on the review criteria associated with each section: Project Justification, Project Work Plan and Project Results. Remember that there is a separate video focusing on crafting your budget and budget justification that I highly recommend watching.



# **Narrative: Project Justification**

#### Tell us:

- Which program goal and associated objective of NLG-M will your project address?
- What field-wide need, problem, or challenge will your project address, and how was it identified?
- Who is the primary audience for your project and how have they been involved in the planning?
- Who are the ultimate beneficiaries for this project?
- How will the museum field benefit from your project
- How does your project differ from or build upon existing theory or practice?

You have ten pages to cover three very important issues, and the Notice of Funding Opportunity provides lengthy guidance on what the Narrative should cover.

#### The first section is the PROJECT JUSTIFICATION:

- Which program goal and associated objective(s) of National Leadership Grants for Museums will your project address?
- What field-wide need, problem, or challenge will your project address, and how was it identified? Describe the sources you have used to define the need, problem, or challenge.
- Who is the primary audience for your project and how have they been involved in the planning? Primary audience refers to those who will be most immediately and positively affected by your project.
- Who are the ultimate beneficiaries for this project? "Beneficiaries" refers to those who are likely to be aided in the long-term by your project. They may or may not be the same as your primary audience.
- How will the museum field benefit from your project?
- How does this proposed project differ from, complement, or build upon existing theory, scholarship, and/or practice?



# Narrative: Project Justification Continued

#### Reviewers will look for:

- How well does the proposal align with the selected NLG-M goal and objective?
- How well has the applicant used relevant data and other evidence to describe the need, problem, or challenge to be addressed?
- Has the applicant appropriately defined the primary audience(s) and beneficiaries, as applicable, for this
  work?
- Has the primary audience and other project stakeholders been involved appropriately in planning the project?
- Does the project address current needs of the museum field and/or have the potential to advance practice in the museum profession?
- Does the applicant clearly articulate how the proposed work differs from, complements, or builds upon existing theory, scholarship, and practice?

In the Notice of Funding Opportunity, under Review Criteria, you will find a list of questions for each section of the narrative that reviewers are asked to consider when they review your proposal. It is a good idea to refer to these as you craft your narrative to be certain you are providing reviewers clear, solid information. You will see that they correspond fairly directly with the prompts you are given to write your narrative.



# **Narrative: Project Work Plan**

### Tell us:

- What specific activities will you carry out and in what sequence?
- What are the risks to the project and how will you mitigate them?
- Who will plan, implement, and manage your project?
- What time, financial, personnel, and other resources will you need to carry out the activities?
- How will you track your progress toward achieving your intended results?

#### PROJECT WORK PLAN

If the Project Justification section was the "why", the Project Work Plan section is where you identify the 'who, what, when, and how'. Who will do what activities when, and using what resources? You should explain how you will track your progress toward achieving your intended results, and what you'll do if you need to correct course. We also ask you to think about risks that are inherent in your particular project and to tell us how you've taken that into account in your planning.



# Narrative: Project Work Plan Continued

#### Reviewers will look for:

- Are the proposed activities informed by relevant theory and practice?
- Are the goals, assumptions, and risks clearly stated?
- Do the identified staff, partners, consultants, and service providers possess the experience and skills necessary to complete the work successfully?
- Are the time, financial, personnel, and other resources identified realistic for the scope and scale of the project?
- If present, does the Digital Products Plan reflect appropriate practices and standards for creating and managing the types of digital products proposed?
- Will the proposed methods for tracking the project's progress toward achieving the intended results allow course
  adjustments when necessary and result in reliable and measurable information about the results of the project?

Again, this is the list of questions that reviewers are asked to consider when they review your proposal, so make sure your narrative is answering these effectively.



## Narrative: Project Work Plan - Research

#### If you are proposing a research project, reviewers will also look for.

- Are the proposed research questions, methods, and theoretical framing appropriate for addressing the identified need, problem, or challenge?
- Is the research informed by current practice and does it have the potential to produce generalizable results that could advance professional practice?
- Are the selected methods for data collection, analysis, and use appropriate for the project?
- Is the approach to securing Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval appropriate?
- Is the Data Management and Sharing Plan for managing, sharing, preserving, documenting, and enabling reuse of the information and research products created during this project appropriate?
- Is the dissemination and communication plan comprehensive in terms of broad reach to practitioners and other communities

For research projects, reviewers are asked to weigh in on another set of criteria. They'll look for appropriate research design and answers to the questions outlined in the "Guidance for Research Applications" section of the NOFO. If you find it difficult to answer these questions for your project, you might not have a research project at all.



# **Narrative: Project Results**

#### Tell us:

- What are your project's intended results and how will they address the need, problem, or challenge you
  have identified?
- How will the knowledge, skills, behaviors, and/or attitudes of the target group change as a result of your project?
- What models, tools, research findings, and/or services will result from your project? How will you ensure that they are broadly adaptable and usable by other institutions and are widely disseminated to the field?
- How will you sustain the benefit(s) of your project beyond the conclusion of the period of performance?

#### PROJECT RESULTS

The third section of your Narrative should be devoted to articulating your project's intended results.

This section is your chance to convince the reviewers that your project will result in something getting better. The need or problem you identified in your Project Justification will be addressed directly; the results should relate directly to the need you identified in the museum field.

We ask you to tell us what data you will collect and report in order to measure your project's success.

If your project will generate tangible products (and most do), here's the opportunity to describe them and make the case that they will be useful. And last but not least, we ask that you tell us how you will sustain the benefit of the project. How will this improvement that you propose to make continue once your grant is over?



# Narrative: Project Results Continued

#### Reviewers will look for:

- Are the project's intended results clearly articulated, realistic, meaningful, and linked to the need, problem, or challenge addressed by the project?
- Is the plan to effect meaningful change in knowledge, skills, behaviors, and/or attitudes solidly grounded and appropriately structured?
- Is the plan for ensuring that the proposed models, tools, research findings and/or services will be broadly adaptable and usable by other institutions and widely disseminated to the field likely to be effective?
- Is the plan to sustain the benefits of the project beyond the conclusion of the period of performance reasonable and practical?

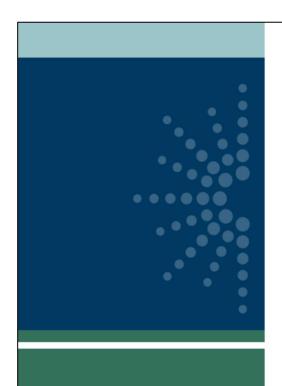
Again, here is the list of questions that reviewers are asked to consider when they read and score the Project Results section of your narrative. And you can find these in the Notice of Funding Opportunity.



# **Narrative Recap**

- Your Narrative has three sections—Project Justification, Project Work Plan, and Project Results
- 10-page maximum
- Refer to the review criteria in section 6 of the Notice of Funding Opportunity

So, to recap: Your Narrative has three sections—Project Justification, Project Work Plan, and Project Results, and you have ten pages for it. The sections are all equally important. Write clearly, address what we ask you to address, and keep an eye on those review criteria. They tell you exactly what the reviewers will look for, so make it easy for them to find it and understand it. Finally, make sure all sections of the narrative are connected – The workplan should describe the activities required to address the fieldwide need and the results should provide a solution to the need you identified.



# **Application Tips** and **Next Steps**

In this final section of our presentation, we offer some application tips and next steps.



# **Application Tips**

We can make grants only to **eligible** applicants that submit **complete** applications, including attachments, **on or before the deadline**. So...

- Start early.
- Become familiar with Grants.gov Workspace. See
   https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/workspace-overview.html
- Do your background research.
- Be sure your application is complete.
- Make sure all application components are in the proper format and follow the correct naming conventions.
- Submit to Grants.gov early so you can correct any errors.

We can only make grants to **eligible** applicants that submit **complete** applications, including attachments, **on or before the deadline**. So here are some tips to help you do just that.

- Start early. You've already done that by listening to this webinar.
- Become familiar with Grants.gov's Workspace. It has many good features, including
  upfront validation, which allows you to correct errors prior to submission, and the
  opportunity to collaborate with others in creating your application. Consider starting with
  the Workspace Overview and check out the tutorials.
- Do your background research. Make it easy for the reviewers to see that you are up to date and know what you're talking about.
- Be sure your application is complete. Check it against the Table of Application Components in the Notice of Funding Opportunity.
- Make sure all application components are in the proper format and follow the correct naming conventions.
- Submit to Grants.gov early so you can correct any errors and avoid any trauma created by technology challenges.



Check your registrations and know your usernames and passwords.







System for Award Management (www.sam.gov)

- · Unique Entity Identifier (UEI)
- Registration must be renewed every year!

Grants.gov (www.grants.gov)

- Passwords expire every 60 days!
- Accounts are deactivated after 365 days of inactivity.

START EARLY, DON'T DELAY

It's important to get your application submitted online through Grants.gov before the deadline. IMLS does not accept applications by mail or email.

In order to register with Grants.gov, you must have an active SAM.gov registration and Unique Entity Identifier number. So make sure your registrations for both of these sites are complete, your accounts are active, and that any necessary passwords are current. These registrations expire periodically so DO NOT WAIT until it's time to hit the 'submit' button to check on them. You should coordinate with any other staff members, such as your Authorized Organization Representative, who may hold the accounts and passwords you'll need to submit.

Also, carefully review your institution's SAM.gov record to insure that there are is no Federal Dept or proceedings or problems reported by other Federal Agencies. These will need to be cleared up prior to IMLS making an award to your institution.

Both the SAM.gov and Grants.gov websites have robust help features and FAQs. If you run into technical issues with either of these sites, you should reach out to their help desks and request a tracking, case, or ticket number in order to document your issue and attempts at resolving it. Failure to have active SAM.gov or Grants.gov registrations by the application deadline is not an excuse for submitting a late application so again, start early.

# A C

# **Application Tips Continued**

Peer reviewers – museum professionals from all types of museums – will be selected by IMLS to read each application and provide constructive and critical comments on the strengths and weaknesses of the proposed projects.

To help make sure your Narrative is as clear and complete as possible:

- Follow the Narrative outline in the NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity.
- Consider the review criteria associated with each section of the Narrative.
- Use headings, subheadings, or numbered sections in your Narrative to make it easy for reviewers to read.
- Avoid generalities, acronyms, and jargon.
- Ask a colleague to review everything with fresh eyes before you submit it.

There are many components to the application and the Narrative is an essential and critical part of the package.

Peer reviewers – museum professionals from all types of museums – will be selected by IMLS to read each application and provide constructive and critical comments on the strengths and weaknesses of the proposed projects. They base their reviews only on the information contained in the application – so don't assume that a reviewer or IMLS will know something about your museum or your proposed project.

To help make sure your Narrative is as clear and complete as possible:

- Revisit the NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity and follow the Narrative outline it provides.
- Be sure to consider the review criteria associated with each section of the Narrative.
- Use headings and subheadings to make it easy for reviewers to read.
- Avoid generalities, acronyms, and jargon. The people who will review your application are museum professionals, but they may not all be totally familiar with your particular field's shorthand. Make it easy for them to understand what you mean.
- An advantage to starting your application early is that you can ask a colleague, friend, or family member to review everything with fresh eyes before you submit. Ask them to act like a reviewer who's seeing this for the first time.



IMLS offers a few ways to find examples of funded projects. We already talked about the Search Awarded Grants function on our website. You can see the filters I selected on the left - the last three years at the top, and National Leadership Grants for Museums at the bottom. We have also posted the abstract, narrative, and schedule of completion for a cross-section of successful NLG-M applications. The proposals posted present a variety of project types, meet the overarching goal of the NLG-M program, and were considered to be clear and well-written by reviewers. Looking at these exemplary proposals might help clarify your thinking about your own application. The image on the right shows the Sample Application page; you will scroll down to find National Leadership Program for Museums examples.



# **Important Dates and Times**

Applications are due by 11:59 pm EST on November 15, 2024.

- Awards will be announced in August 2025.
- Projects must start September 1, 2025.

Here are a few important dates relating to NLG-M applications.

Applications must be received through Grants.gov by 11:59 pm Eastern Time on November 15, 2024. The time stamp is auto-generated by the Grants.gov system, and we have no ability to override it. So, again, submit your application early if at all possible. That way, if you encounter a difficulty of any kind, you'll have some time to resolve the problem and resubmit.

After the application deadline, IMLS staff will review your application for completeness and eligibility, and you will hear from us via email if there are any problems. Next, we will select experienced and knowledgeable peer reviewers to read your applications and provide scores and comments based on the criteria outlined in the NLG-M Notice of Funding Opportunity. IMLS staff will examine your budget, your financials, and your track record with past and current grants. We then prepare materials for the IMLS Director, who, by law, has the authority and responsibility to make final award decisions. This typically happens in July.

In early August 2025, we will notify you by email of the award decisions and provide the scores and comments created by the reviewers.

NLG-M projects must be scheduled to start on the first day of September 2025.



# **Next Steps**

Connect with IMLS Program Staff in the Office of Museum Services to ask questions about the:

- NLG-M grant program
- Application Components
- Review Process

https://www.imls.gov/grants/available/museums-america

- As you read through the NOFO and prepare your application, additional questions may arise before the application deadline. We can answer questions about our grant programs, address specific concerns with the various application components, or help you understand the review process.
- You may also schedule a counseling call to talk directly with program staff. Use the links found on the grant program landing page to find an available time slot on our calendar. You will then receive an email with a calendar invite and a Microsoft Teams meeting link.
- Thank you for listening and good luck!

# **Credit**

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